# Vitthalbhai Patel \& Rajratna P.T.P.SCIENCE COLLEGE VALLABH VIDYANAGAR <br> B.Sc. (Semester - 5) <br> Subject: Physics <br> Course: US05CPHY01 (Classical Mechanics) <br> Internal Examination 



Date: 01/10/2019
Tuesday
Time: 11:00 a.m. to 12:15 p.m.
N.B: (i) All the symbol have their usual meanings
(ii) Figures at the right side of questions indicate full marks

Q-1 Multiple Choice Questions (Attempt All)
(1) The electrostatic forces are very much $\qquad$ than the gravitational forces in the interaction of atomic and subatomic particles
(a) poor
(b) equal
(c) stronger
(d) lower
(2) The number of independent variable for a free particle in space are $\qquad$
(a) three
(b) two
(c) one
(d) zero
(3) The generalized coordinates for motion of a particle moving on the surface of a sphere of radius ' $a$ ' are $\qquad$
(a) a and $\theta$
(b) $\theta$ and $\phi$
(c) 0 and $\phi$
(d) a and $\phi$
(4) The Lagrange's equations of motion for a system is equivalent to $\qquad$ equations of motion
(a) Laplace
(b) Poisson
(c) Maxwell's
(d) Newton's
(5) The path of the particle will be deflected towards $\qquad$ in the southern hemisphere due to the Coriolis acceleration
(a) right
(b) up
(c) left
(d) down

Q-2 State and prove the Gauss' law for electrostatic fields
OR
Q-2 State and prove the Kepler's third law of planetary motion

Q-3 What is cyclic coordinates? Show that total energy is conserved
OR
Q-3 Construct the Lagrangian of Atwood machine and derive it's equation of motion

Q-4 Derive the expression of angular momentum for rotating body
OR
Q-4 Derive the expression of kinetic energy for rotating body

Q-5 Show that the shortest distance between two points in a plane is a straight line
OR
Derive the Hamilton's equation of motion

