

(80)

V.P & R.P.T.P SCIENCE COLLEGE INTERNAL TEST MICROBIOLOGY USO6CMIC01

DATE: 05/03/2019 (Tuesday) Time: 10:00 a.m to 12:00 p.m

: 10:00 a.m to 12:00 p.m TOTALMARKS : 50

Note: Figures on the right indicate marks

Q-1: Attempt the following multiple choice questions:

Joshua and Esthor Lodorborg dovised

- i) Joshua and Esther Lederberg devised:
 - a) Ame's test

- c) Fluctuation test
- b) Replica plate method
- d) New combe's experiment
- ii) Transduction was discovered by:
 - a) Barbara Maclintok
- c) Lederberg and Tatum
- b) Zinder and Lederberg
- d) Luria and Delbruck
- iii) Transposons were discovered by:
 - a) Barbara Maclintok
- c) Lederberg and Tatum
- b) Zinder and Lederberg
- d) Luria and Delbruck
- iv) When a codon AAG is mutated to CAG, the type of mutation is:
 - a) Silent mutation
- c) Nonsense mutation
- b) Samesense mutation
- d) Missense mutation
- v) F-plasmid is generally found in:
 - a) S. aureus
- c) Bacilli
- b) M. luteus
- d) E. coli
- vi) The example of bacteriocin is:
 - a) Tyrocin

c) Myocin

b) Cloacin

- d) None of these
- vii) SOS repair involves:
 - a) Glycosylase

c) Transferase

b) Mut H

- d) Rec A
- viii) Glycolsylase is involved in :
 - a) SOS repair

- c) Mismatch repair
- b) Nucleotide excision repair
- d) Base excision repair

Q-2: Attempt the following short questions: (Any five)

(10)

- i) What are base substitution mutations? Cite examples.
- ii) What are auxotrophs and prototrophs?
- iii) Which enzymes and proteins are involved in mismatch repair of DNA?
- iv) How photoreactivation repairs the damaged DNA?
- v) What are insersion sequences? Give examples.
- vi) What is a merozygote?
- vii) Why are bacteria selected as a genetic tool in studying genetics?
- viii) Enlist various phenotypic types of plasmid.



Q-3: What is spontaneous mutation? Write a note on Fluctuation test.	(80)
OR	
Q-3: Define mutagens. Describe the mode of action of U.V radiation and Nitrous acid.	(80)
Q-4: Which are the modes of recombination in bacteria? Explain Holliday model of recombination.	(08)
OR	
Q-4: What is reversion mutation? Write a note on Ame's test.	(08)
Q-5: Write how transformation was discovered? Explain the mechanism of transformation in gram	
positive bacteria citing a suitable example.	(08)
OR	
Q-5: What is transduction? Explain the mechanism of specialized transduction.	(08)
Q-6: Describe how mating pairs are formed during conjugation.(08)	
OR	
Q-6: What is gene mapping? Describe how conjugation process is used for gene mapping in bacteria	? (08)