

Vitthalbhai Patel & Rajratna P. T. Patel Science College,
Vallabh Vidyanagar
B. Sc. (Semester-IV)
Subject : INORGANIC CHEMISTRY (US04CCHE01)



Date : 09-03-2019

Internal Test

Marks : 50

Day : Saturday

Time : 3.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.

Note: (i) All questions are to be attempted.

(ii) Figures to the right indicate marks.

Q.1 Choose the correct option for the following :

[08]

- (i) Which of the following is not a π -acid ligand ?
(a) NH_3 (b) CO (c) CN^- (d) PCl_3
- (ii) $[\text{Ni}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+}$ is blue green in colour whereas $[\text{Ni}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+}$ is
(a) Yellow (b) Red (c) Blue (d) Blue green
- (iii) Which of the following square planar complexes exist as cis- and trans- isomeric form ?
(a) Ma_2b_2 (b) Ma_4 (c) Ma_3b (d) Mabcd
- (iv) is not ambidentate ligand.
(a) ONO^- (b) $\text{S}_2\text{O}_3^{2-}$ (c) CN^- (d) ethylene diamine
- (v) Which is the most widely used extracting solvent for lanthanides ?
(a) TBP (b) Xylene (c) Kerosene (d) Benzene
- (vi) Which of the following pair of elements has identical ionic radii due to lanthanide contraction ?
(a) Cr^{3+} and Mo^{3+} (b) Zr^{4+} and Hf^{4+} (c) V^{5+} and Nb^{5+} (d) Ag^+ and Au^+
- (vii) Which of the following metallic carbonyl is not diamagnetic ?
(a) $[\text{Cr}(\text{CO})_6]$ (b) $[\text{V}(\text{CO})_6]$ (c) $[\text{Fe}(\text{CO})_5]$ (d) $[\text{Ni}(\text{CO})_4]$
- (viii) Sodium nitroprusside gives colouration with aqueous sulphide ion solution.
(a) red (b) violet (c) green (d) blue

Q:2 Answer the following (Attempt any Five) :

[10]

- (i) Why d-block elements show variable oxidation state ?
- (ii) "The transition metal ions containing empty d-orbitals or completely filled d-orbitals are colourless". Explain.
- (iii) Draw the structure of optical isomers of $[\text{Co}^{3+}(\text{en})_3]^{3+}$.
- (iv) Give the conditions for a molecule to show optical isomerism.
- (v) List the modern methods used for the separation of lanthanides.
- (vi) What is actinide contraction ?
- (vii) Calculate EAN for $[\text{Cr}(\text{CO})_6]$ and $[\text{Fe}(\text{CO})_6]$ metal carbonyls. [Given: $\text{Cr}(Z=24)$ and $\text{Fe}(Z=26)$]
- (viii) Draw the structure of $\text{Fe}_3(\text{CO})_{12}$.

Q:3 Answer the following:

[08]

- (a) Write the name, symbol, complete and valence shell electronic configuration of 2nd transition series elements.
- (b) Deduce the formula for calculating the magnetic moment of transition metal complexes.

OR

Q:3 Answer the following:

[08]

- (a) Explain the purple colour of $[\text{Ti}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{3+}$ ion attributed to d-d transition.
- (b) Give the preparation and properties of Interstitial carbides.



Q:4 Answer the following: [08]

- (a) Explain the basic postulates of Werner's co-ordination theory.
(b) Write note on optical isomerism found in any four type of octahedral complexes.

OR

Q:4 Answer the following: [08]

- (a) Discuss the Grinberg's method to distinguish between cis- and trans- isomers.
(b) Explain the structure of Co(III) ammines on the basis of Werner's co-ordination theory.

Q:5 Answer the following: [08]

- (a) Define Actinides. Give the name, symbol, atomic number and electronic configuration of actinides.
(b) Discuss the position of lanthanides in periodic table.

OR

Q:5 Answer the following: [08]

- (a) Describe the ion-exchange method for separation of lanthanides.
(b) Give the comparison between lanthanides and actinides.

Q:6 Answer the following: [08]

- (a) Give the general methods of preparation of metal carbonyls.
(b) Discuss the preparation, properties and structure of $[\text{Fe}_2(\text{CO})_9]$.

OR

Q:6 Answer the following: [08]

- (a) Describe the nature of M-CO bonding in metal carbonyls.
(b) Discuss the preparation, properties and structure of $[\text{Ni}(\text{CO})_4]$.

