

V P & R P T P Science College  
Vallabh Vidyanagar  
B. Sc. (Third Semester Examination)  
US03EICH01 – TRADITIONAL METHODS OF ANALYSIS

Wednesday, 07<sup>th</sup> October, 2015

Time: 3.00p.m. to 4.00 p.m.

Total Marks: 25

Instructions: (i) All questions are to be attempted in your answer book.  
(ii) Figures to the right indicate marks.

- Q.1. Answer the following: [03]
- The substance used for the detection of end point by colour change is...  
(a) buffer (b) indicator  
(c) reagent (d) none of them
  - EDTA is the best\_\_\_\_\_.  
(a) complexing agent (b) indicator  
(c) buffer (d) all of these
  - Which of the following is a redox titration?  
(a) titration of HCl with NaOH  
(b) titration of CH<sub>3</sub>COOH with NaOH  
(c) titration of FeSO<sub>4</sub> with KMnO<sub>4</sub>  
(d) all of these
- Q.2. Answer any two: [04]
- Define with proper example: Molarity & Normality
  - Define with proper example : Chelating agent & Buffer solution
  - Define with proper example: Oxidizing agent & Voltage
- Q.3. By taking example of strong acid and strong base titration, discuss the neutralization curve. [06]
- OR
- Q.3. Show that at the color change interval, pH of the system is  $\text{pH} = \text{p}K_{\text{in}} \pm 1$ . [06]
- Q.4. Discuss different types of EDTA titrations. [06]
- OR
- Q.4. What are the requisites for metal ion indicator for use in visual detection of end point? [06]
- Q.5. Explain titration curve for iron (II) & cerium (IV) in detail. [06]
- OR
- Q.5. Whether KMnO<sub>4</sub> acts as an primary standard? Why? What are the precautions to be made to store it? [06]

