Vitthalbhai Patel & Rajratna P. T. Patel Science College,

Vallabh Vidyanagar

B. Sc. (Semester-I)

Subject : GENERAL CHEMISTRY-I (US01CCHE21)

Date: 01-10-2018

Internal Test

Marks:50

Day:	Monday	ime: 12.30 to 2.30 p.m.	
Note	: (i) All questions are to be attempted. (ii) Figures to the right indicate marks.		
Q.1	Choose the correct option for the following:	[08]	
(i)	Disappearance of purple colour of dil. KMnO ₄ in its reaction wit (a) Bayer's test (b) Saytzeff test (c) Grignard reaction (d) Ic		
(ii)	Addition of HBr in presence of peroxide to alkene follows		
	(c) Satyzeff rule (d) None of these		
(iii)	Which is the more fundamental property of the elements?		
	(a) Atomic weight (b) Ionic radius (c) Atomic number (d)	Ionization energy	
(iv)	elements does not form ionic compound readily. (a) Be (b) Sr (c) Ca (d) Mg		
(∨)	A substance having tendency to lose H ⁺ is called	R.P. Science	
(vi)	A weak base has strong conjugate	(G (LIURARY)S)	
	(a) acid (b) base (c) neutral (d) salt	The state of the s	
(vii)	Which of the following method is based on amount of sample?	V. Nagar	
	(a) proximate analysis (b) partial analysis (c) complete analysis (d) macro analysis		
(viii)	The degree of closeness between measured value and true value	ie is	
(*)	(a) accuracy (b) precision (c) method (d) analysis		
Q.2	Answer the following (Attempt any Five):	[10]	
(i)	1-Butyne gives white precipitation with Tollen's reagent while 2	-butyne does not. Why?	
(ii)	Explain: Boiling point of n-butane is higher than iso-butane.		
(iii)	Define: (i) Ionization energy (ii) Shielding effect		
(iv)	Explain: Successive ionization energy is always higher than prec	eding one.	
(v)	What is the conjugate base of the following ions or compound?	·=·	
	(i) HS^- (ii) $H3O^+$ (iii) H_2SO_4 (iv) NH_3		
$(\vee i)$	What is common ion effect ?		
(vii)	"Precision always accompanies accuracy but high degree of precision does not		
	mean accuracy" Justify the statement.		
(viii)	Discuss advantages and disadvantages of chemical method.		

Q.3 [a]	Answer the following: [0. Calculate the percentage of isomeric products obtained upon monochlorination of		
[b]	n-pentane. The relative reactivity of 1^0 , 2^0 and 3^0 H are 1: 3.8: 5 respectively. Define chain reaction. Write reaction mechanism for the bromination of ethane.		
	OR		
Q.3 [a]	Answer the following: Arrange the boiling point of following molecules in the increasing order of boiling point and explain your answer. (a) Pentane (b) Isopentane (c) Neopentane.	[80]	
[b]	Write reaction mechanism for the Addition of Br_2/H_2O to alkene.		
Q.4	Answer the following:	[80]	
[a] [b]	Discuss the long form of periodic table. Calculate the screening constant and effective nuclear charge on 4s electron of (i) Mn ($Z = 25$) (ii) K ($Z = 19$)		
	(I) IVIII (2 - 23) (II) K (2= 19) OR		
Q.4	Answer the following:	[08]	
(a)	Discuss the factors affecting magnitude of ionization energy.	[00]	
[b]	On the basis of Hannay and Smith equation calculate the percentage ionic character in gaseous HF and HCl. (Given: χ_F =4.0 , χ_{Cl} = 3.2 , χ_{H} = 2.2)		
Q.5	Answer the following:	[08]	
[a]	What is hydrolysis ? Derive an equation correlating K_h and K_w for a sodium acetate in water.		
[b]	The solubility product of Lead sulphate is 1.8×10^{-8} . Calculate the solubility of Lead sulphate in (i) Pure water (ii) 0.1M Pb(NO ₃) ₂ solution		
	OR		
Q.5	Answer the following:	[08]	
[a]	Write note on selective precipitation with suitable example.		
[b]	A saturated solution of $La(IO_3)_3$ in pure water has a concentration of iodate ion equal to 2.07 x 10^{-3} M at 25 0 C. What is the concentration of La^{+3} ion? Calculate the solubility product of $La(IO_3)_3$.		
Q.6	Answer the following:	[08]	
[a]	During iron estimation of the sample the results obtained are 8.0, 8.2, 8.4, 8.5, 9.6		
	ppm. Check whether the questionable value 9.6 should be rejected or not. [Qcrit = 0.710].		
[b]	From the following results, calculate mean, standard deviation, relative standard deviation and variance. 29:8, 30.2, 28.6, 29.7%		
	OR T. P. Scien		
Q.6	Answer the following:	Ro	
[a]	Give classification of chemical analysis.	2	
[b]	What is sampling? Discuss sampling of solid, liquid and gas.	3//	

