SEAT NO. No. of Printed Pages: 02 [148/A-24] SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY B. Sc. Semester- VI, April -2022 **MICROBIOLOGY** US06CMIC22 - Immunology and Medical Microbiology Date: 05/04/2022, Tuesday Time: 03:00pm to 05:00pm Marks: 70 0.1 Write the correct option in your answer book. [10] 1. The immunoglobulin present in tears, saliva and body fluids is: a. IgD c. IgM d. IgA b. IgG 2. When cytokines are released from mononuclear phagocytes, they are called a. Lymphokines c. Monokines d. None of them b. Interleukins 3. One of the following combinations holds true as examples of primary lymphoid organ? a. Spleen and lymphnode c. GALT and MALT b. Bone marrow and thymus d. Spleen and GALT P. Scie 4. The C3 convertase of alternative pathway is 2 c. C56789 a. C3bBb LIBRAR b. $C\overline{2a4b}$ d. C5b3b 5. The VDRL test for syphilis is an example of: c. Ring test a. Tube test d. Immunodiffusion b. Slide test 6. Which of the following factor encourage skin colonization of microbes? a. Dryness c. Low pH b. Humidity d. Inhibitory substance 7. A count of ______organism or higher is indicative of urinary tract infection. c. 10⁷ a. 10⁹ d. 10⁵ b. 10³ 8. In the human body, ______ is the part of intestinal tract, has the largest microbial population. c. Large intestine a. Small intestine d. none of the above. h. Stomach 9. When a disease occurs worldwide, it is categorize as_ c. Pandemic a. Endemic d. None of these b. Sporadic 10. The incubation period of *P. falciparum* is_____ c. 8 to 25 days a. 7 to 10 days d. None of the above b. 10 to 14 days Page 1 of 2

(P.T.O.)

Q.2 Do as directed

- (1) Most natural proteins are T-dependent antigens and B cells cannot respond to these antigens without a co-stimulatory signal from the T_H cells. [True/False]
- (2) The combining area on the antibody molecule, corresponding to the epitope, is called the _____.
- (3) Alternate complement pathway is activated when C-reactive protein interacts with C1q. [True/False]
- (4) During the primary antibody response, _____ immunoglobulin appears first.
- (5) Neisseria species is the major causative agent of dental caries. [True/False]
- (6) ______a human strain is used to produce "sweet acidophilus milk".
- (7) AIDS is the last stage of clinical features in HIV infection. [True/False]
- (8) H antigen is also called ______ antigen.

Q.3 Answer in brief (Any TEN)

- (1) Citing two examples, briefly describe chronic inflammation.
- (2) Give diagrammatic overview on the alternative pathway of complement system.
- (3) In the context of immunology, explain how the term adjuvant with suitable example.
- (4) Enlist the cells of lymphoreticular system.
- (5) Explain how agglutination differs from precipitation.
- (6) Explain the terms: Isotopes, Idiotypes and Allotypes.
- (7) Define: Bacteremia and Septicemia.
- (8) What is Gnotobiotic life?
- (9) Differentiate between Exotoxin and endotoxin.
- (10) Define: Morbidity and Mortality.
- (11) What is herd immunity?
- (12) Describe the treatment of dengue fever.

Q.4 Write in detail (Any Four)

- (1) Explain the basic structure of immunoglobulin and explain IgA and IgM in detail.
- (2) Give a brief overview on the processes of T cell maturation and discuss the types of T-cells
- (3) Describe phagocytosis in detail.
- (4) Explain the determinants of antigenicity in detail.
- (5) Write a note on normal flora of Respiratory tract.
- (6) Define Minimum lethal dose (MLD) and explain the Tetanus and cholera toxin.
- (7) Write in detail about causative agent, symptoms, pathogensity and treatment of Typhoid.
- (8) Write in detail about causative agent, symptoms, pathogensity and treatment of Tuberculosis.

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