12 C	EAT No.	SARD.	AR PATEL UNIVERS	SITY NO. OF Pri	nted Pages: 04
(21)	S. Y. B.Sc.	Examination: SEMES	TER - III	TTEL UNIVERSIT
	Eth	COURSE: PI	HYSICS CODE: US	03CPHY21	
		CO	URSE TITLE: OPTIC	S	the same
)ate:	1/12/2021			onis and duration	Tetal Marker 70
fime:	3:00 to 5:00	the minored in the damage		-	Total Warks: 70
2-1 Ar 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	(a) Principal The ratio of th (a) 2:1 Lloyd's Mirro (a) Phase split (c) Frequency If the distance separation bet (a) becomes za Rings. (a) Concave To obtain pola (a) 45 (a) topaz	points are also called t (b) Focal he focal lengths of field (b) 1:3 or works on the princip tting splitting between the slits is in ween any two consect ero (b) increases type of lens with a lar (b) Plano-com arization using "pile of the axis of the tube-ho (b) 33 s an example of biaxia (b) tourmalin	e questions: (All questi he unit points. (c) Nodal d lens to eye lens in Huy (c) 3:1 ble of	(d) None of (d) None of ygen eyepiece is (d) 2:3 splitting splitting. Double Slit Experim instant (d) decrease s used in the experim (d) Plano-cc s are kept inclined a el light rays). (d) 63 (d) quartz	() [10] these thes
 9. 10. 	(a) birefringe The <i>Fractiona</i> (a) 0.1 Core of an <i>Op</i> (a) Conductin	nce (b) refraction al Refractive Change i (b) 0.01 ptical Fibre is made-up ng (b) Non-cond	(c) dichroism (c) dichroism (c) 1.0 p of materi lucting (c) Dielectric	(d) diffraction of (d) 1.01 al. (d) Semi-co	on nducting
Q-2	Answer the f	following questions as	s asked:		[08]
	1) In as	1841 sh a single unit.	nowed that any number	of coaxial lenses car	n be treated
	 "The variation in colour of image produced by a lens for different axial distances is called <i>Distortion</i>" – This statement is <i>True</i> or <i>False</i> ? The principal used in obtaining Newton's Rings is 				
	4) "Lummer and Gehrcke Plate is used for observing the fine structure of spectral lines in Zeeman Effect" – This statement is <i>True</i> or <i>False</i> ?				
	5) W	ater is an	material. (isotropic	, anisotropic)	
	6)lig	is same for ht. <i>(phase difference, d</i>	both elliptically and cir <i>amplitude)</i>	cularly polarized	
	7) Tl	he common name of "	Perfluoronated ethylene	propylene" is	
	8) So	cientist	assigned the term Fil	per Optics.	
	0, 0,			· · · · · ·	

Q-3 Answer the following questions in short. (Any ten)

- 1) With neat diagrams explain Principal Planes and Principal Points for a system of two lenses.
- 2) Explain the term "Lens Aberration". State its types and sub-types.
- 3) Give merits and demerits of Huygens eyepiece.
- 4) Give three points of comparison between fringes produced by Biprism and Lloyd's mirror.
- 5) What is diffraction of light? Explain briefly the types of diffraction with diagram.
- 6) With a diagram explain how Newton's Rings are formed.
- 7) Explain the functions of *Polarizer* and *Analyser* with respect to polarization of light.
- 8) State and prove Brewster's Law.
- 9) How elliptically polarized light is produced? Explain with a diagram.
- 10) Explain the necessity of *Cladding* in an optical fibre.
- 11) Give characteristics of Step-index multi-mode fibre.
- 12) List the merits of Optical fibres.
- Q-4 Attempt the following long answer questions (any four):
 - 1) Discuss spherical aberration observed in a lens. Explain different methods to reduce this aberration. Draw figures and derive equations where ever necessary.
 - Discuss Huygens eyepiece with necessary equations and figure. Obtain cardinal points for this eyepiece with equations.
 - Explain the construction and experimental arrangement of Biprism. Discuss the method to determine the wavelength of light using biprism.
 - Explain diffraction at a double-slit. Discuss its interference and diffraction maxima and minima with necessary equations.
 - 5) Discuss in detail the construction and working of Nicol's Prism.
 - 6) What is specific rotation? Explain construction and working of Laurent's Half shade Polarimeter.
 - Discuss structures of Single Mode step index fibre, Multimode step index fibre and Graded index fibre. Explain propagation of light through them.
 - 8) (a) Explain critical angle of propagation and derive its equation with proper diagram.

(b) Discuss medical and military applications of optical fibre.



[20]

[32]